St. Charles Health System Pre-Surgery Optimization Recommendations					
Patient Name		DOB:	DOS:		
In preparation for surgery, please optimize the conditions indicated below and document the plan of care in your H&P. Additionally, refer to the Anesthesia Protocol grid for other testing your patient may need. Return your H&P with plan and test results to St Charles Medical Records fax queue at 541-598-3403.					
Measure	Criteria	Recon	nmendation		

Measure	Criteria	Recommendation	
Elective Surgery Readiness	Delay Elective Surgery if possible in patients with any of the following conditions →	COPD exacerbation within 30 days Acute PE/DVT within 3 months	
Blood Glucose □	HbA1c ≤ 8.5 or average CBG ≤ 200 over two weeks	 Measure HbA1c in all diabetics if not done within 3 months. Consider delaying elective surgery if HbA1c ≥ 8.5 May consider proceeding to surgery with HbA1c ≥ 8.5, but average CBG levels ≤ 200 for two weeks If surgery proceeds with HbA1c ≥ 8.5, recommendations: Hospitalist consult for glycemic management Surgeon, PCP, or Preoperative Medicine Provider educate patient on risks associated with elevated HbA1c and blood glucose 	
Anemia □	Hemoglobin ≥ 12	 If Hb ≤ 12, assess for nutritional deficiency, chronic renal insufficiency, chronic inflammatory disease and iron deficiency anemia. Consider delaying surgery and referring to PCP or Preoperative Medicine Provider for coordination of treatment with IV Iron, B12 injections, or Erythropoetin If persistent anemia, notify the Pre-Surgery Clinic/Anesthesiology at 541-706-2718 	
Obstructive Sleep Apnea □	Screen all patients using STOP-Bang	 Sleep study recommended preoperatively if: STOP-Bang score ≥ 5 Patient has any of the following conditions along with a high score: CHF, PHTN, Uncontrolled HTN, Arrhythmia, Refractory Afib, CVD, daytime hypoxia, hypoventilation syndrome. High risk patients will have the High Risk Obstructive Sleep Apnea Standing Order placed, which will involve minimum monitoring requirements, pulse oximetry/end tidal CO2 monitoring, elevated HOB Surgeon, PCP, or Preoperative Medicine Provider will education patient of the risks of pulmonary complications associated with OSA. 	
Aspirin Therapy □	Manage according to algorithm	Continue Aspirin in all patients with cardiovascular disease, unless one of the following high risk of bleeding procedures: • Cardiothoracic and Major Vascular • Intracranial Surgery • Major plastic reconstructive procedures • Occulo-plastic surgery • Prostatectomy (excluding transurethral resection of the prostate) • Percutaneous Nephrostomy • Retro-bulbar block during cataract/retinal • Intramedullary (within the spine) surgery • Strabismus repair	
Anticoagulation Patients □	Manage according to SCMC guidelines	Follow SCHS periopertiave anticoagulation guideline/DOAC management for discontinuation or bridging plan.	
Smoking Cessation	No tobacco use > 4 weeks prior to surgery	Continue counseling patient regarding benefits of smoking cessation, emphasizing increased risk of surgical infection and poor wound healing.	
Cardiac Status Evaluation □	Follow 2014 ACC/AHA guidelines for cardiac risk assessment	If patient symptomatic or unable to attain 4 mets of activity plus 2 risk factors require a cardiac evaluation. Risk factors are: 1. History of ischemic heart disease 2. History of CHF 3. History of CVA/TIA 4. History of Diabetes treated with insulin therapy 5. Chronic Kidney Disease with creatinine > 2 6. Undergoing suprainguinal vascular, intraperitoneal or intrathroacic surgery.	

Please visit our website for additional resources at www.stcharleshealthcare.org
In the "Professionals" section, select "Surgery Scheduling"